EPISTLE

FROM

Mr. P O P E

TO

Dr. ARBUTHNOT.

Neque sermonibus Vulgi dederis te, nec in Præmiis humanis spem posueris rerum tuarum: suis te oportet illecebris ipsa Virtus trahat ad verum decus. Quid de te alii loquantur, ipsi videant, sed loquentur tamen.

TULLY.



LONDON:

Printed by J. Wright for LAWTON GILLIVER at Homer's Head in Fleetstreet, 1734.



being laugh'd at, if they pleafe.

I would have some of them know, it was owing to the Request of the learned and candid Friend to whom it

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tage, and Honour, on my fide, that whereas by their pro-

HIS Paper is a Sort of Bill of Complaint, begun many years since, and drawn up by snatches, as the several Occasions offer'd. I had no thoughts of publishing it, till it pleas'd some Persons of Rank and Fortune [the Authors of Verses to the Imitator of Horace, and of an Epistle to a Doctor of Divinity from a Nobleman at Hampton Court,] to attack in a very extraordinary manner, not only my Writings (of which being publick the Publick judge) but my Person, Morals, and Family, whereof to those who know me not, a truer Information may be requisite. Being divided between the Necessity to say something of Myself, and my own Laziness to undertake so awkward a Task, I thought it the shortest way to put the last hand to this Epistle. If it have any thing pleasing, it will be That by which I am most desirous to please, the Truth and the Sentiment; and if any thing offensive, it will be only to those I am least sorry to offend, the Vicious or the Ungenerous.

Many will know their own Pictures in it, there being not a Circumstance but what is true; but I have, for

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the most part spar'd their Names, and they may escape

being laugh'd at, if they please.

I would have some of them know, it was owing to the Request of the learned and candid Friend to whom it is inscribed, that I make not as free use of theirs as they have done of mine. However I shall have this Advantage, and Honour, on my side, that whereas by their proceeding, any Abuse may be directed at any man, no Injury can possibly be done by mine, since a Nameless Character can never be found out, but by its Truth and Likeness.

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Many will know their own Pictures in it, there being not a Circumstance but what i tere; but I have, for the



Then from the Mint walks forth the Man of Ilyme, Happy to catch me, just at Dinner-time.

Ev'n Sunday thines no Sabbath-day to me:

E Par Ser Par Tunuc Per Baudlin Poeter Tarry Re Pol Pol E A Clerk, foredoom'd his Father's foul to crofs,

Who pens a Stanza won te should engross?

Is there, who lock'd from lak and Paper, ferawls

HUT, shut the door, good John! fatigu'd I said,

Tye up the knocker, say I'm sick, I'm dead,

The Dog-star rages! nay 'tis past a doubt,

All Bedlam, or Parnassus, is let out:

Fire in their eye, and Papers in their hand,

They rave, recite, and madden round the land.

What Walls can guard me, or what Shades can hide? They pierce my Thickets, thro' my Grot they glide, By land, by water, they renew the charge,
They stop the Chariot, and they board the Barge. 10

B

No place is facred, not the Church is free, Ev'n Sunday shines no Sabbath-day to me: Then from the Mint walks forth the Man of Ryme, Happy! to catch me, just at Dinner-time.

Is there a Parson, much be-mus'd in Beer,

A maudlin Poetes, a ryming Peer,

A Clerk, foredoom'd his Father's soul to cross,

Who pens a Stanza when he should engross?

Is there, who lock'd from Ink and Paper, scrawls

With desp'rate Charcoal round his darken'd walls?

All fly to Twit'nam, and in humble strain

Apply to me, to keep them mad or vain.

Arthur, whose giddy Son neglects the Laws,

Imputes to me and my damn'd works the cause:

Poor Cornus sees his frantic Wife elope,

And curses Wit, and Poetry, and Pope.

Friend to my Life, (which did not you prolong, The World had wanted many an idle Song)
What Drop or Nostrum can this Plague remove?
Or which must end me, a Fool's Wrath or Love? 30
A dire Dilemma! either way I'm sped,
If Foes, they write, if Friends, they read me dead.

donor car

Seiz'd and ty'd down to judge, how wretched I! Who can't be filent, and who will not lye; To laugh, were want of Goodness and of Grace, 35 And to be grave, exceeds all Pow'r of Face. I fit with fad Civility, Wread at 8 (m Anat) There (thank my Starbard Tread With honest anguish, and an aking head; all and T And drop at last, but in unwilling ears, and bail This faving counfel, "Keep your Piece nine years." 40 Nine years! cries he, who high in Drury-lane Lull'd by foft Zephyrs thro' the broken Pane. Rymes e're he wakes, and prints before Term ends. Oblig'd by hunger and Request of friends: "The Piece you think is incorrect? why take it, "I'm all fubmission, what you'd have it, make it." Three things another's modest wishes bound. My Friendship, and a Prologue, and ten Pound. Pitholeon fends to me: "You know his Grace." "I want a Patron; ask him for a Place." I Pitholeon libell'd me - "but here's a Letter "Informs you Sir, 'twas when he knew no better. "Dare you refuse him? Curl invites to dine, "He'll write a Journal, or he'll turn Divine."

Dood"

Bless

[4]

Bless me! a Packet. - "'Tis a stranger sues, b'x155 "A Virgin Tragedy, an Orphan Muse." on W If I dislike it, "Furies, death and rage! death oT If I approve, " Commend it to the Stage." dot bank There (thank my Stars) my whole Commission ends, The Play'rs and Lare, luckily, no friends of dis 66 Fir'd that the House reject him, "Sdeath I'll print it "And shame the Fools-your Int'rest, Sir, with Lintot." Lintot, dull rogue! will think your price too much. "Not Sir, if you revise it, and retouch." vd bille I All my demurrs but double his attacks, or sem 65 At last he whispers "Do, and we go fnacks." gildo Glad of a quarrel, strait I clap the door, quarrel Sir, let me see your works and you no more. 'Tis fung, when Midas' Ears began to spring, (Midas, a facred Person and a King) Monor 1 v 70 His very Minister who spy'd them first, (Some fay his * Queen) was forc'd to speak, or burst And is not mine, my Friend, a forer case, as locality When ev'ry Coxcomb perks them in my face?

^{*} The Story is told by some of his Barber, but by Chaucer of his Queen. See Wife of Bath's Tale in Dryden's Fables.

"Good friend forbear! you deal in dang'rous things	j A
"I'd never name Queens, Ministers, or Kings;	iH
"Keep close to Ears, and those let Asses prick,	OC
"Tis nothing"-Nothing? if they bite and kick?	6
Out with it, Dunciad! let the secret pass,	138
That Secret to each Fool, that he's an As:	1
The truth once told, (and wherefore shou'd we lie?)	I.
The Queen of Midas slept, and so may I. 200 1 108	30
You think this cruel? take it for a rule, mile?	10
No creature smarts so little as a Fool, revell ent si	ıl
Let Peals of Laughter, Codrus! round thee break,	A
Thou unconcern'd canst hear the mighty Crack.	
Pit, Box and Gall'ry in convulsions hurl'd, 8	5
Thou stand'st unshook amidst a bursting World.	
Who shames a Scribler? break one cobweb thro',	
He spins the slight, self-pleasing thread anew;	
Destroy his Fib, or Sophistry; in vain,	
The Creature's at his dirty work again;	
Thron'd in the Centre of his thin designs;	A
	10
Whom have I hurt? has Poet yet, or Peer,	
Lost the arch'd eye-brow, or Parnassian sneer?	
C An	d

And has not C-by still his Lord, and Whore?

His Butchers H—ley, his Free-masons M—r?

Does not one Table Bavius still admit?

Still to one Bishop Ph—ps seem a Wit?

Still Sapho—"Hold! nay see you, you'll offend:

"No Names—be calm—learn Prudence of a Friend:

"I too could write, and I am twice as tall,

"But Foes like these! — One Flatt'rer's worse than all;

Of all mad Creatures, if the Learn'd are right, for It is the Slaver kills, and not the Bite.

A Fool quite angry is quite innocent; I to hear It.

Trust me, 'tis ten times worse when they repent.

One dedicates, in high Heroic profe, but world And ridicules beyond a hundred foes; and too One from all Grubstreet will my fame defend, and And, more abusive, calls himself my friend. This prints my Letters, that expects a Bribe, and others roar aloud, "Subscribe, subscribe, subscribe

There are, who to my Person pay their court, are I cough like Horace, and the lean, am short, hold

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with

Ammon's great Son one shoulder had too high,
Such Ovid's nose, and "Sir! you have an Eye—
Go on, obliging Creatures, make me see
All that disgrac'd my Betters, met in me:

Say for my comfort, languishing in bed,
"Just so immortal Maro held his head:
And when I die, be sure you let me know
Great Homer dy'd three thousand years ago.

Why did I write? what fin to me unknown 126
Dipt me in Ink, my Parent's, or my own?
As yet a Child, nor yet a Fool to Fame,
I lisp'd in Numbers, for the Numbers came.
I left no Calling for this idle trade,
No Duty broke, no Father distobey'd.

125
The Muse but serv'd to ease some Friend, not Wise,
To help me thro' this long Disease, my Lise,
To second, Arburthnot! thy Art and Care,
And teach, the Being you preserv'd, to bear.

But why then publish? Granville the polite, 130
And knowing Walsh, would tell me I could write;
Well-

Did

Well-natur'd Garth inflam'd with early praise, And Congreve lov'd, and Swift endur'd my Lays; The Courtly Talbot, Somers, Sheffield read, Ev'n mitred Rochester would nod the head. And St. John's self (great Dryden's friends before †) With open arms receiv'd one Poet more. Happy my Studies, when by thefe approv'd! Happier their Author, when by these belov'd! From these the world will judge of Men and Books, Not from the * Burnets, Oldmixons, and Cooks. 141 Soft were my Numbers, who could take offence While pure Description held the place of Sense? Like gentle Damon's was my flow'ry Theme, all I A painted Mistress, or a purling Stream. 145 Yet then did Gildon draw his venal quill; I wish'd the man a dinner, and sate still: Yet then did Dennis rave in furious fret; I never answer'd, I was not in debt: If want provok'd, or madness made them print, 150 I wag'd no war with Bedlam or the Mint.

† All these were Patrons or Admirers of Mr. Dryden, tho' a scandalous Libel against him, entituled, Dryden's Satyr to his Muse, has been printed in the Name of the Lord Somers, of which he was wholly ignorant.

^{*} Authors of secret and scandalous History.

Did some more sober Critics come abroad? If wrong, I smil'd; if right, I kis'd the rod. Pains, reading, study, are their just pretence, And all they want is spirit, taste, and sense. 155 Commais and points they set exactly right, we H And twere a fin to rob them of their Mite. also st Yet ne'r one sprig of Laurel grac'd these ribalds, but From flashing Bulley down to pidling Tonds. The Wight who reads not, and but scans and spells, 160 The Word-catcher that lives lon syllables, I son ai II Such piece-meal Critics some regard may claim, IIA Preserv'd in Milton's or in Shakespear's name. bal Pretty! in Amber to observe the forms of bib woll Of hairs, or straws, or dirt, or grubs, or worms; 156 The things, we know, are neither rich nor rare, But wonder how the Devil they got there? Were others angry? I excus'd them too; whole Well might they rage; I gave them but their due. A A man's true merit 'tis not hard to find, rion budge But each man's fecret standard in his mind, sail rasel That Casting-weight Pride adds to Emptiness, work This, who can gratify? for who can guess? and both The Dama

The Bard whom pilf'red Pastorals renown,
Who turns a Persian Tale for half a crown,
Just writes to make his barrenness appear,
And strains from hard-bound brains eight lines a-year:
He, who still wanting the he lives on thest,
Steals much, spends little, yet has nothing left:
And he, who now to sense, now nonsense leaning, 180
Means not, but blunders round about a meaning:
And he, whose Fustian's so sublimely bad,
It is not Poetry, but Prose run mad:
All these, my modest Satire bid translate,
And own'd, that nine such Poets made a Tate. 185
How did they sume, and stamp, and roar, and chase?
How did they swear, not Addison was safe.

Peace to all such! but were there One whose sires True Genius kindles, and fair Fame inspires, Blest with each Talent and each Art to please, 190 And born to write, converse, and live with ease: Shou'd such a man, too fond to rule alone, Bear, like the Twk, no brother near the throne, View him with scornful, yet with jealous eyes, And hate for Arts that caus'd himself to rise; 195

Damn

Damn with faint praise, assent with civil leer, And without fneering, teach the rest to sneer; Willing to wound, and yet afraid to strike, Just hint a fault, and hesitate dislike; but distinct of Alike referv'd to blame, or to commend, 200 A tim'rous foe, and a suspicious friend, Dreading ev'n fools, by Flatterers besieg'd, And so obliging that he ne'er oblig'd; Like Cato, give his little Senate laws, And fit attentive to his own applause; 205 While Wits and Templers ev'ry fentence raife, And wonder with a foolish face of praise. Who but must laugh, if such a man there be? Who would not weep, if Atticus were he! What tho' my Name stood rubric on the walls? Or plaister'd posts, with Claps in capitals? 211 Or smoaking forth, a hundred Hawkers load, double. On Wings of Winds came flying all abroad? I fought no homage from the Race that write; I kept, like Afian Monarchs, from their fight: 215 Poems I heeded (now be-rym'd fo long)

No more than Thou, great George! a Birth-day Song.

I ne'r with Wits and Witlings past my days, med To spread about the Itch of Verse and Praise , Nor like a Puppy daggled thro' the Town, 11 220 To fetch and carry Sing-song up and down; Nor at Rehearfals sweat, and mouth'd, and cry'd, With Handkerchief and Orange at my fide: mit A But fick of Fops, and Poetry, and Prate, paiber C To Bufo left the whole Castalian State. 11do of 1225 Proud, as Apollo on his forked hill, is one will Sate full-blown Bufo, puff'd by ev'ry quill; in bak Fed with foft Dedication all day long, and slidW Horace and he went hand in hand in fong ow bal His Library, (where Busts of Poets dead and 0230 And a true Pindar stood without a head) ow on W Receiv'd of Wits an undistinguish'd race, John W Who first his Judgment ask'd, and then a Place: Much they extoll'd the Pictures, much the Seat, And flatter'd ev'ry day, and some days eat: 1235 Till grown more frugal in his riper days, a signol I He pay'd some Bards with Port, and some with Praise, To some a dry Rehearfal was affigu'd, book I amou'l And others (harder still) he pay'd in kind, on of

May some choice Patron blesseach gray goose quill! May ev'ry Bavius have his Bufo still! on I wall So, when a Statesman wants a Day's defence, 240 Or Envy holds a whole Week's war with Sense, Or simple Pride for Flatt'ry makes demands; May Dunce by Dunce be whiftled off my hands! Blest be the Great! for those they take away, but And those they leave me - For they left me GAY, Left me to see neglected Genius bloom, 11246 Neglected die! and tell it on his Tomb; on his Of all thy blameless Life the sole Return My Verse, and QueensB'RY weeping o'er thy Urn! Give me on Thames's Banks, in honest Ease, 250 To fee what Friends, or read what Books I pleafe; There let me live my own, and die fortoo, of too "To live and die is all I have to do!" "To live and die is all I have to do!" Above a Patron, tho' I condescend I s sevol on W Sometimes to call a Minister my Friend: 17 01255 I was not born for Courts or great Affairs, I adT I pay my Debts, believe, and go to Pray'rs, by Can sleep without a Poem in my head, and only Nor know, if Dennis be alive or dead work but Why am I ask'd, what next shall see the light? W Heav'ns! was I born for nothing but to write? 260 Who Has

Has Life no Joys for me? or (to be grave) Have I no Friend to serve, no Soul to save? "I found him close with Swift - Indeed? no doubt (Cries prating Balbus) "fomething will come out." Tis all in vain, deny it as I will shirl significant 266 "No, such a Genius never can lye still," I wall And then for mine obligingly mistakes and ad stall The first Lampoon Sir Will. or Bubo makes. Poor guiltless I! and can I chuse but smile, 1270 When ev'ry Coxcomb knows me by my Style? Curst be the Verse, how well soe'er it flow, That tends to make one worthy Man my foe, Give Virtue scandal, Innocence a fear, on ovio Or from the foft-ey'd Virgin steal a tear! wood 275 But he, who hurts a harmless neighbour's peace, Insults fal'n Worth, or Beauty in distress, vil of Who loves a Lye, lame flander helps about, Who writes a Libel, or who copies out: The Fop whose pride affects a Patron's name, 280 Yet absent, wounds an Author's honest fame; I Who can your Merit selfishly approve, quality And show the Sense of it, without the Love; Who has the Vanity to call you Friend, Yet wants the Honour injur'd to defend; 285 Who

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Who tells whate er you think, whate er you fay, And, if he lyes not, must at least betray: Who to the * Dean and silver Bell can swear, And fees at Cannons what was never there: Who reads but with a Lust to mis-apply, 290 Make Satire a Lampoon, and Fiction, Lye. A Lash like mine no honest man shall dread, But all fuch babling blockheads in his stead. A Let Paris tremble - "What? that Thing of filk, "Paris, that mere white Curd of Ass's milk? 295 "Satire or Shame alas! can Paris feel? "Who breaks a Butterfly upon a Wheel?" Yet let me flap this Bug with gilded wings, This painted Child of Dirt that stinks and stings; Whose Buzz the Witty and the Fair annoys, 300 Yet Wit ne'er tastes, and Beauty ne'er enjoys, bala So well-bred Spaniels civilly delight In mumbling of the Game they dare not bite. Eternal Smiles his Emptiness betray, 101 1011 1111 As shallow streams run dimpling all the way. 305 Whether in florid Impotence he speaks, much of I And, as the Prompter breathes, the Puppet squeaks;

^{*} See the Epistle to the Earl of Burlington, and advant is but justice to own, that the Hint of the and the for our was taken from the

Or at the Ear of * Eve, familiar Toad,
Half Froth, half Venom, spits himself abroad,
In Puns, or Politicks, or Tales, or Lyes,
Or Spite, or Smut, or Rymes, or Blasphemies.
Did ever Smock-face act so vile a Part?

Did ever Smock-face act so vile a Part?

A trifling Head, and a corrupted Heart!

Eve's Tempter thus the Rabbins have exprest,
A Cherub's face, a Reptile all the rest;
Beauty that shocks you, Parts that none will trust,
Wit that can creep, and Pride that licks the dust.

Nor Lucre's Madman, nor Ambition's Tool,
Nor Lucre's Madman, nor Ambition's Tool,
Nor proud, nor servile, be one Poet's praise
That, if he pleas'd, he pleas'd by manly ways;
That Flattiry, ev'n to Kings, he held a shame, 320
And thought a Lye in Verse or Prose the same:
In Fancy's Maze that wand'ring not too long,
He stoop'd to Truth, and moraliz'd his song:
That not for Fame, but Virtue's better end,
He stood the surious Foe, the timid Friend, 325
The damning Critic, half-approving Wit,
The Coxcomb hit, or fearing to be hit;

^{*} In the fourth Book of Milton, the Devil is represented in this Posture. It is but justice to own, that the Hint of Eve and the Serpent was taken from the Verses on the Imitator of Horace.

Laugh'd at the loss of Friends he never had, The dull, the proud, the wicked, and the mad; The Tales of Vengeance; Lyes fo oft o'erthrown; The imputed Trash, the Dulness not his own; The Morals blacken'd when the Writings scape; The libel'd Person, and the pictur'd Shape; Th' Abuse on all he lov'd, or lov'd him, spread, A Friend in Exile, or a Father, dead; The Whisper that to Greatness still too near, Perhaps, yet vibrates on his Sovereign's Ear. Welcome for thee, fair Virtue! all the past: For thee, fair Virtue! welcome ev'n the last! "But why infult the Poor, affront the Great?" A Knave's a Knave, to me, in ev'ry State, Alike my fcorn, if he succeed or fail, Glencus at Court, or Japhet in a Jayl, 345 A hireling Scribler, or a hireling Peer, Knight of the Post corrupt, or of the Shire, If on a Pillory, or near a Throne, He gain his Prince's Ear, or lose his own.

Lies jo oft o'erthrown.] Such as those in relation to Mr. A—, that Mr. P. writh his Character after his death, &c. that he set his Name to Mr. Broom's Verses, that he receiv'd Subscriptions for Shakespear, &c. which tho' publickly disproved by the Testimonies presix'd to the Dunciad, were nevertheless shamelessy repeated in the Libels, and even in the Paper call'd, The Nobleman's Epistle.

Th' imputed Trash.] Profane Pjalms, Court Poems, and many Libellous Things

in his Name, printed by Curl, &c.

Abuse on all he low'd, or low'd him spread.] Namely on the Duke of Buckingham,
Earl of Burlington, Bishop Atterbury, Dr. Swift, Mr. Gay, Dr. Arbuthnot, his
Friends, his Parents, and his very Nurse, aspers'd in printed Papers.

Yet

Yet soft by Nature, more a Dupe than Wit, 350 Sapho can tell you how this Man was bit: This dreaded Sat'rist Dennis will confess Foe to his Pride, but Friend to his Distress: So humble, he has knock'd at T-b-ld's door, Has drank with C-r, nay has rym'd for M-r. 395 Full ten years slander'd, did he once reply? Three thousand Suns went down on Welsted's Lye: To please a Mistress, One aspers'd his life; He lash'd him not, but let her be his Wife: Let Budgel charge low Grubstreet on his quill, 360 And write whate'er he pleas'd, except his Will; Let the Two Curls of Town and Court, abuse His Father, Mother, Body, Soul, and Muse. tet in leora, it he faceed or i

Ten Years.] It was so long, before the Author of the Dunciad published that Poem, till when, he never writ a word of the many Scurrilities and False-

hoods concerning him.

Welsted's Lye.] This Man had the Impudence to tell in print, that Mr. P. had occasion'd a Lady's death, and to name a person he never heard of. He also publish'd that he had libell'd the Duke of Chandos; with whom (it was added) that he had liv'd in familiarity, and receiv'd from him a Present of five bundred pounds: The Falsehood of which is known to his Grace, whom Mr. P. never had the honour to see but twice, and never receiv'd any Present farther than the Subscription for Homer, from him, or from Any Great Man whatsoever.

Budgel in a Weekly Pamphlet call'd the Bee, bestow'd much abuse on him, in the imagination that he writ some things about the Last Will of Dr. Tindal, in the Grubstreet Journal; a Paper wherein he never had the least. Hand, Direction, or Supervifal, nor the least knowledge of its Authors. He took no notice of so frantick an Abuse; and expected that any man who knew himself Author of what he was slander'd for, would have justify'd him on that Article.

His Father, Mother, &c.] In some of Curl's and other Pamphlets, Mr. Pope's Father was said to be a Mechanic, a Hatter, a Farmer, nay a Bankrupt. But, what is stranger, a Nebleman Lif such a Reflection can be thought to come

Yet why? that Father held it for a rule

It was a Sin to call our Neighbour Fool,

That harmless Mother thought no Wife a Whore,

Hear this! and spare his Family, James M*

Unspotted Names! and memorable long,

If there be Force in Virtue, or in Song.

Of gentle Blood (part shed in Honour's Cause, 370 While yet in Britain Honour had Applause)
EachParent sprung-"WhatFortune, pray?—Theirown, And better got than Bestia's from a Throne.
Born to no Pride, inheriting no Strife,
Nor marrying Discord in a Noble Wise, 375 Stranger to Civil and Religious Rage,
The good Man walk'd innoxious thro' his Age.
No Courts he saw, no Suits would ever try,
Nor dar'd an Oath, nor hazarded a Lye:
Un-learn'd, he knew no Schoolman's subtle Art, 380
No Language, but the Language of the Heart.

from a Nobleman) has dropt an Allusion to this pitiful Untruth, in his Epistle to a Doctor of Divinity: And the following Line,

Hard as thy Heart, and as thy Birth Obscure, had fallen from a like Courtly pen, in the Verses to the Imitator of Horace. Mr. Pope's Father was of a Gentleman's Family in Oxfordshire, the Head of which was the Earl of Downe, whose sole Heiress married the Earl of Lindsey.— His Mother was the Daughter of William Turnor, Esq; of York: She had three Brothers, one of whom was kill'd, another died in the Service of King Charles, the eldest following his Fortunes, and becoming a General Officer in Spain, lest her what Estate remain'd after the Sequestrations and Forfeitures of her Family — Mr. Pope died in 1717, aged 75; She in 1733, aged 93, a very sew Weeks after this Poem was finished.

By-

By Nature honest, by Experience wise,
Healthy by Temp'rance and by Exercise:
His Life, tho' long, to sickness past unknown,
His Death was instant, and without a groan.

Oh grant me thus to live, and thus to die!
Who sprung from Kings shall know less joy than I.
O Friend! may each Domestick Bliss be thine!

Be no unpleasing Melancholy mine:

Me, let the tender Office long engage

390

Be no unpleasing Melancholy mine:

Me, let the tender Office long engage

To rock the Cradle of reposing Age,

With lenient Arts extend a Mother's breath,

Make Languor smile, and smooth the Bed of Death,

Explore the Thought, explain the asking Eye,

And keep a while one Parent from the Sky!

395

On Cares like these if Length of days attend,

May Heav'n, to bless those days, preserve my Friend,

Preserve him social, chearful, and serene,

And just as rich as when he serv'd a Queen!

Whether that Blessing be deny'd, or giv'n,

Thus far was right, the rest belongs to Heav'n.

